SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Sanibel Fire and Rescue District Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, Sanibel, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, schedules of pension contributions, schedule of change in net OPEB liability and ratios, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, Sanibel, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 resulting in a net position balance of \$1,252,742.
- The District's total net position increased by \$286,124 or 30 percent, in comparison to the prior year (excluding the restatement).
- At September 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,615,897 an increase of \$549,808, or 8 percent, in comparison with the prior year. The total fund balance is restricted for capital projects, committed to emergency services, apparatus purchases, vacation/sick payout, major medical equipment, major fire equipment, and a county lease agreement, assigned to subsequent year's expenditures, and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.
- Total revenues in the government-wide statements, increased (\$5,556,277 5,942,850) \$386,573, or 7 percent, in comparison to the prior year.
- Total expenses in the government-wide statements increased (\$4,844,532 5,656,726) \$812,194, or 17 percent, in comparison to the prior year.
- During fiscal year 2019, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 resulting in a restatement which decreased the District's net position by (\$955,619).

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by property tax revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the public safety (personnel and operations) function.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflow of unrestricted resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and special revenue fund. The general and special revenue funds are considered major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund (general and special revenue). Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general and special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements explain in detail the District's significant accounting policies and certain data contained in the following statements. These notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements were designed so that the user could determine if the District is in a better or worse financial condition from the prior year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following is a condensed summary of net position for the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2018, compared to September 30, 2019:

	September 30,		0, September 30,		
Assets:		2018		2019	Change
Current and other assets	\$	3,677,967	\$	4,190,779	\$ 512,812
Capital assets		4,560,486		4,841,605	281,119
Total assets		8,238,453		9,032,384	793,931
Deferred outflows of resources		2,353,646		2,063,488	(290,158)
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities		861,078		825,012	(36,066)
Non-current liabilities		7,005,316		8,398,708	1,393,392
Total liabilities		7,866,394		9,223,720	1,357,326
Deferred inflows of resources		803,468		619,410	(184,058)
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		3,379,384		3,885,294	505,910
Restricted		68,319		82,085	13,766
Unrestricted		(1,525,466)		(2,714,637)	(1,189,171)
Total net position	\$	1,922,237	\$	1,252,742	\$ (669,495)

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, fire and rescue equipment, buildings, fire and rescue vehicles and furniture, fixtures and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$82,085, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The District's net position increased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the increase represents the extent to which ongoing program revenues exceeded the cost of operations and depreciation expense.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following schedule reports the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 compared to September 30, 2019.

Revenues:	September 30, 2018		September 30, 2019		Change	
General revenues						_
Property taxes	\$	5,450,949	\$	5,731,910	\$	280,961
Impact fees		6,348		13,762		7,414
Investment earnings		1,629		3,408		1,779
Rents		-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue		60,981		65,109		4,128
Procedds from sale of capital assets		-		75,000		75,000
Grants and contributions		10,402		10,200		(202)
Program revenues						
Charges for services		25,968		43,461		17,493
Total revenues		5,556,277		5,942,850		386,573
Expenses:						
Public safety-fire and Rescue Safety						
Personal Services		4,042,059		4,638,529		596,470
Operating expenditures		438,124		607,645		169,521
Interest		30,196		24,646		(5,550)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		2,097		37,913		35,816
Depreciation		332,056		347,993		15,937
Total expenses		4,844,532		5,656,726		812,194
Increase (decrease) in net position		711,745		286,124		(425,621)
Net position - beginning, as restated (Note 2)		1,210,492		966,618		(243,874)
Net position, ending	\$	1,922,237	\$	1,252,742	\$	(669,495)

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was \$5,656,726. The costs of the District's activities were primarily funded by property taxes. Property taxes increased from the prior fiscal year as a result of increases in property values. Expenses increased primarily as a result of increased expenses recognized in relation to an increase of the net pension liability.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of unreserved resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As noted earlier, combined fund balances increased by \$549,808 in comparison with the prior year. Restricted or committed fund balance indicates that the amounts are not available for new spending because they have already been set aside for other items. Assigned fund balance represents amounts the Board of Commissioners has designated for specific purposes. The remainder is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

The general fund is the operating fund of the District and includes all activities related to providing management and operating services.

GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. The Board of Commissioners must approve any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations.

Budget versus actual comparisons for the general fund and special revenue fund are reported as required supplementary information. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The general fund actual expenditures were under budget by a total of \$812,410, mainly as a result of anticipated expenditures that did not occur.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$7,128,787 invested in land, fire and rescue equipment and vehicles, buildings, and furniture, fixtures and equipment. Depreciation of \$2,287,182 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$4,841,605.

The following is a schedule of the District's capital assets net of depreciation as of September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2018 🗆	2019
Land	\$ 273,062	\$ 273,062
Buildings and improvements	2,785,256	2,765,877
Vehicles	1,140,090	1,451,599
Furniture and equipment	362,078	351,067
Total capital assets, net depreciation	\$ 4,560,486	\$ 4,841,605

Additional information on the District's capital assets is found in Note 5.

LONG TERM DEBT

At September 30, 2019 the District had \$956,311 in notes payable and \$423,459 in compensated absences. Additional information on the District's long-term debt is found in Note 8.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. Questions regarding any information provided in this report should be directed to: Mary Hickey, Administrator, Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, 2351 Palm Ridge Road, Sanibel, FL 33957, phone (239) 472-5525.

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,053,187		
Investments	116,145		
Due from other governments	2,945		
Interest receivable	493		
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	15,623		
Due from other governments	2,386		
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	273,062		
Depreciable assets, net	4,568,543		
Total assets	9,032,384		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	2,063,488		
Felision	2,003,400		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	102,803		
Unearned revenue	472,079		
Accrued interest payable	19,764		
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due in one year:			
Note payable	230,366		
Due in more than one year:			
Net pension liability	6,264,230		
Note payable	725,945		
Compensated absences	423,459		
Net OPEB obligation	985,074		
Total liabilities	9,223,720		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	619,410		
	,		
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,885,294		
Restricted for interlocal agreements	82,085		
Unrestricted	(2,714,637)		
Total net position	\$ 1,252,742		

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Program	Reveni	ues	Re	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position
					0	perating		
				arges for		ants and		overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	S	Services	Cor	ntributions		Activities
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Public safety	\$	5,656,726	\$	43,461	\$	10,200	\$	(5,603,065)
Total governmental activities		5,656,726		43,461		10,200		(5,603,065)
Gei	neral	revenues:						
		taxes						5,731,910
	act f							13,762
		ls from sale o	f capit	tal assets				75,000
		cted investme						3,408
		neous revenu		J				65,109
	_	otal general re		es				5,889,189
Cha	ange	in net positio	n					286,124
Net	posi	tion - beginni	ng, as	restated (N	ote 2)			966,618
Net	posi	tion - ending					\$	1,252,742

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Major Funds					_ Total		
		Special				Governmental		
ACCETC		General	R	evenue		Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,053,187	\$	15,623	\$	4,068,810		
Investments	Ψ	116,145	Ψ	10,020	Ψ	116,145		
Due from other governments		2,945		2,386		5,331		
Interest receivable		493		2,000		493		
Due from other funds		-		64,076		64,076		
Total assets	\$	4,172,770	\$	82,085	\$	4,254,855		
Total accord	<u> </u>	1,112,110	Ψ	02,000	Ψ	1,201,000		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	102,803	\$	-	\$	102,803		
Due to other fund		64,076		-		64,076		
Unearned revenue		472,079		-		472,079		
Total liabilities		638,958		-		638,958		
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Capital projects		-		82,085		82,085		
Committed:								
Emergency services		601,195		-		601,195		
Apparatus purchases		530,254		-		530,254		
Vacation/sick payout		41,111		-		41,111		
Major medical equipment		41,568		-		41,568		
Major fire equipment		42,896		-		42,896		
County lease agreement		568,603		-		568,603		
Assigned:								
Subsequent year's expenditures		32,815		-		32,815		
Unassigned		1,675,370		-		1,675,370		
Total fund balances		3,533,812		82,085		3,615,897		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,172,770	\$	82,085	\$	4,254,855		

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Net pension liability (6,264,230) Note payable (956,311) Accrued interest payable (19,764)	Total fund balances - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		\$ 3,615,897
Accumulated depreciation (2,287,182) 4,841,605 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position. 2,063,488 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position. (619,410) Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Net pension liability (6,264,230) Note payable (956,311) Accrued interest payable (19,764) Net OPEB asset (obligation) (985,074)	resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole.	7 120 707	
in the statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position. Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Net pension liability Note payable Accrued interest payable Net OPEB asset (obligation) 2,063,488 (619,410) (619,410) (620,410) (620,410)	·	, ,	4,841,605
the statement of net position. (619,410) Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Net pension liability (6,264,230) Note payable (956,311) Accrued interest payable (19,764) Net OPEB asset (obligation) (985,074)	·		2,063,488
are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Net pension liability (6,264,230) Note payable (956,311) Accrued interest payable (19,764) Net OPEB asset (obligation) (985,074)	·		(619,410)
Net pension liability(6,264,230)Note payable(956,311)Accrued interest payable(19,764)Net OPEB asset (obligation)(985,074)	are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are		
Accrued interest payable (19,764) Net OPEB asset (obligation) (985,074)	·		(6,264,230)
Net OPEB asset (obligation) (985,074)	Note payable		(956,311)
, , ,	Accrued interest payable		(19,764)
Compensated absences (423,459)	Net OPEB asset (obligation)		(985,074)
	Compensated absences		(423,459)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,252,742

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Major F	Total					
		Governmental					
	 General Revenue				Funds		
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,731,910	\$	-	\$	5,731,910		
Permits and fees	43,461		-		43,461		
Investment earnings	3,404		4		3,408		
Impact fees	-		13,762		13,762		
Miscellaneous	65,109		-		65,109		
Intergovernmental revenue	 10,200		-		10,200		
Total revenues	 5,854,084		13,766		5,867,850		
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety							
Personnel service	3,864,290		_		3,864,290		
Operating expenditures	607,645		_		607,645		
Capital outlay	667,025		-		667,025		
Debt service:	, , ,				, , , ,		
Principal retirement	224,791		-		224,791		
Interest and fiscal charges	29,291		-		29,291		
Total expenditures	5,393,042		-		5,393,042		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	461,042		13,766		474,808		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Sale of surplus capital assets	 75,000		-		75,000		
Total other financing sources	75,000		-		75,000		
Net change in fund balances	536,042		13,766		549,808		
Fund balances - beginning	 2,997,770		68,319		3,066,089		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,533,812	\$	82,085	\$	3,615,897		

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 549,808
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, the cost of capital assets is eliminated in the statement of activities and capitalized in the statement of net position.	667,025
Depreciation on capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund statement but is reported as an expense in the statement of	(347,993)
Repayment of certain long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated in the statement of activities.	224,791
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(37,913)
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of	(37,313)
resources related to pension	(793,415)
Change in other post employment benefit obligation	(29,455)
Change in accrued interest	4,645
Change in long-term compensated absences	 48,631
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 286,124

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Sanibel Fire and Rescue District (the "District") is an independent special district located in Sanibel, Florida. The District was established in 1955 by a Special Act of the Legislature of the State of Florida (Laws of Florida, 30930). The District Charter was amended on May 22, 2000 by House Bill 925, Chapter 2000-386, Laws of Florida. The District is governed by a three member elected Board of Commissioners.

The District was established to provide fire control and protection services, fire safety inspections, and rescue services to the District's incorporated land area. The District operates and maintains two (2) station houses and employs approximately 29 full-time employees.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District Board of Commissioners is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and received. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are ad valorem and levied each November 1 on property as of the previous January 1. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with a maximum discount available for payments through November 30 and become delinquent on April 1. The taxes are billed and collected by the County Tax Assessor/Collector on behalf of the District. The amounts remitted to the District are net of applicable discounts or fees.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of taxes receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

The special revenue fund is used to account for impact fees that are legally restricted to expenditure for a particular purpose.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

During fiscal year 2019, the District adopted the following new accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The provisions in Statement 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, and to provide financial statement users with additional essential information about debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement applies to notes to financial statements of all periods presented. If application for prior periods presented is not practicable, the reason for not applying this Statement to prior periods presented should be disclosed.

Prior Period Adjustment

The following prior period adjustment has been recorded to record the OPEB liability balance as of September 30, 2018 thereby restating the beginning net position.

Cavaramantal

	Governmentai			
_		Activities		
Net position - beginning, before restatement	\$	1,922,237		
Adjustment for OPEB		(955,619)		
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$	966,618		

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from other governments set aside pursuant to contractual restrictions.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Securities listed in paragraphs c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. fire hydrants) are reported in the government activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost equal to or more than \$1,000, other than infrastructure assets which is \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of more than one year. These assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The estimated fair value is based on the most recent appraisal documentation available.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-50
Fire and Rescue Vehicles	4-20
Fire and Rescue Equipment	5-20
Furniture and Fixtures	5-20

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Compensated Absences

The District's employees accumulate sick and vacation leave based on years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment for accumulated sick and vacation leave time. District policy places no limit on the amount of sick leave an employee can accumulate. Twenty-five percent of an employee's accumulated sick leave will be paid at termination at the current rate of pay, not to exceed a maximum of 400 hours. Employees may accumulate vacation leave up to an amount equal to 1 year for union members and 1.5 years for non-union members of their normal accrual. Unused vacation leave accumulated annually over the maximum allowed may be forfeited.

Impact Fees

The District receives impact fees in accordance with an interlocal agreement with the City of Sanibel, Florida and Lee County, Florida. Impact fees are collected by the City of Sanibel and remitted on a quarterly basis to the District. The District, with prior approval from Lee County, may expend amounts collected on qualifying expenditures. Funds received that are not expended within six years must be refunded.

Because of the eligibility requirements imposed in the agreement the District records receipts of funds as restricted cash.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Commissioners. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Commissioners taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Commissioners that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board can assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity/Net Position (Continued)

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Fire Chief submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, except as discussed in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

,		eginning						
	Balance		Α	Additions Deletion		Deletions	s Ending	
Governmental activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land and land improvements	\$	273,062	\$	-	\$	-	\$	273,062
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		273,062		-		-		273,062
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		4,039,793		87,729		-		4,127,522
Vehicles		2,109,147		513,846		(644,139)		1,978,854
Furniture and equipment		830,918		65,450		(147,019)		749,349
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,979,858		667,025		(791,158)		6,855,725
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		1,254,537		107,108		-		1,361,645
Vehicles		969,057		183,322		(625,124)		527,255
Furniture and equipment		468,840		57,563		(128,121)		398,282
Total accumulated depreciation		2,692,434		347,993		(753,245)		2,287,182
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		4,287,424		319,032		(37,913)		4,568,543
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	4,560,486	\$	319,032	\$	(37,913)	\$	4,841,605

Depreciation expense was charged to the Public Safety function/programs.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

	I	Beginning Balance	Ac	dditions	Re	eductions	Enc	ling Balance	 ue Within Ine Year
Governmental activities		Dalarioo	,,,,	Janorio		<u>Jaao II O II O</u>		mig Balarioo	 no rour
Note Payable	\$	1,181,102	\$	-	\$	224,791	\$	956,311	\$ 230,366
Compensated Absences		472,090		-		48,631		423,459	
Total	\$	1,653,192	\$	-	\$	273,422	\$	1,379,770	\$ 230,366

Compensated absences are generally paid out of the general fund.

At September 30, 2019, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

September 30,	Amount				
2020	\$	230,366			
2021		236,079			
2022		241,933			
2023		247,934			
Total	\$	956,312			

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2019 were as follows;

Fund	Re	eceivable		Payable
General	\$	\$ -		64,076
Special Revenue		64,076		-
Total	\$	64,076	\$	64,076

The balance between the general fund and the special revenue fund relate to amounts held by the general fund on behalf of the special revenue fund that have not yet been transferred.

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT PLAN

Florida Retirement System (FRS)

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

All regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's pension expense totaled \$1,375,456 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The classes of membership within the District are as follows:

- Regular Class Member of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in another class.
- Special Risk Class Members of the FRS who are firefighters (including fire prevention and/or training positions), emergency medical technicians and paramedics.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation (AFC). For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the AFC is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the AFC is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Class	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

Per Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2018 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of G	•	Percent of Gross Salary				
	October 1, 2018 t	to June 30, 2019	July 1, 2019 to September 30, 20				
<u>Class</u>	<u>Employee</u>	Employer (1)	<u>Employee</u>	Employer (1)			
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.26	3.00	8.47			
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	24.06	3.00	25.41			
FRS, Special Risk	3.00	24.50	3.00	25.48			

⁽¹⁾ Employer rates include a postemployment HIS contribution rate of 1.66%. Also, employer rates include .06% for administrative costs of the Investment plan.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$468,629 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> — At September 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$5,450,244 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2018 of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was .016%, which was a decrease of about (.001%) from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 the District recognized pension expense of \$1,264,188 related to the Pension Plan. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Description	K	esources	Re	sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	323,270	\$	(3,382)	
Change of assumptions		1,399,857		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS					
pension plan investments		-		(301,536)	
Changes in proportion and differences between District FRS					
contributions and proportionate share of FRS contributions		103,677		(216,239)	
District FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date		110,201		-	
Total	\$	1,937,005	\$	(521,157)	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$110,201, resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	Amount
2020	\$ 491,001
2021	150,933
2022	344,764
2023	245,371
2024	57,484
Thereafter	 16,094
Total	\$ 1,305,647

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumption (Continued)</u> – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real estate (property)	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed inflation - mean			2.6%	1.7%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

		1 70		Current	1 70
	ı	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	Increase
		(5.90%)		(6.90%)	(7.90%)
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	9,421,656	\$	5,450,244	\$ 2,133,442

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (continued)

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll from October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019 pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$36,121 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2019, the District reported a net pension liability of \$813,986 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the year ended June 30, 2019 contributions relative to the year ended June 30, 2017 contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was .007%, which decreased less than (.001%) compared to its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$59,871 related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Out	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,887	\$	(997)
Change of assumptions		94,252		(66,529)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS				
pension plan investments		525		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District HIS				
contributions and proportionate share of HIS contriburtions		12,773		(30,727)
District HIS contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,046		-
Total	\$	126,483	\$	(98,253)

Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued) – The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$9,046, resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	Amount
2020	\$ 13,268
2021	9,299
2022	2,333
2023	(10,242)
2024	(2,018)
Thereafter	6,544
Total	\$ 19,184

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.50%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projected Scale BB. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>—The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	1%		(Jurrent	1%
		ecrease (2.50%)		ount Rate (3.50%)	Increase (4.50%)
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	929,207	\$	813,986	\$ 718,020

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The District contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Local Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices.

Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2019 fiscal year were as follows:

	Pecent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30%
FRS, Special Risk	14.00%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$51,397 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 9 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied after formal adoption of the District's budget and become due and payable on November 1 of each year. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes before March 1 of the following year. On April 1, any unpaid taxes become delinquent. If the taxes are still unpaid in May, tax certificates are then offered for sale to the general public. The Lee County, Florida Tax Collector performs the billing and collection of all property taxes for the District. Taxes are recognized as revenue when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Key dates in the property tax cycle are as follows:

July 1

September 30

October 1 November 1

April 1

Prior to June 1

Assessment roll validated

- Millage resolution approved and taxes levied following certification of assessment roll
- Beginning of fiscal year for which tax is to be levied
- Property taxes due and payable (levy date) with various discount provisions through March 1
- Taxes become delinquent
- Tax certificates sold by Lee County

The Board of Commissioners of the District levied ad valorem taxes at a millage rate of \$1.1089 mils per \$1,000 of the 2019 net taxable value of real property located within the District.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance.

The District participates in the public entity risk pool administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. for workers' compensation. The District pays an annual premium to Florida League of Cities, Inc. for this insurance program. Participation in this risk pool is non-assessable. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District transfers the risk of loss to the pool with limits of liability of \$1,000,000 per accident or disease for workers' compensation.

The Florida League of Cities, Inc. published financial report for the year ended September 30, 2019, can be obtained from the Florida League of Cities, Inc., Public Risk Service, 125 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Florida 32801.

The District purchased commercial insurance for general/professional liability, automobile and rescue vehicle, and property. The District retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount (ranging from \$0 to \$1,000) with the risk of loss in excess of this amount transferred to the pool with limits of liability of either guaranteed replacement value or between \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000, per occurrence, for general/professional liability, automobile, and property.

NOTE 11 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH INSURANCE

The District provides post employment health insurance to its employees under a 501 (c) (9) plan (the "Plan"). Under the provisions of the Plan, the District is required to pay an annual funding amount of \$1,500 per union employee and \$3,000 per administrative employee, into a trust (the "Trust Fund") administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions. The administrator is required to maintain separate sub-accounts in the name of each participant having an interest in the Trust Fund. Upon a participant's separation from service with the District, the participant (or, in the event of a deceased participant, his dependents) shall be entitled to be reimbursed from the participant's sub-account for qualifying medical expenses or health care premiums incurred by the participant. These benefits are limited to the participant's respective sub-account balance as of the date of the claim. Alternatively, the employee may elect to apply his or her benefit to their required contribution for dependent coverage.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the District made contributions totaling \$73,346 to the Plan.

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH INSURANCE (Continued)

No trust or agency has been established for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the District is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the District's health insurance program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees.

The District had an actuary calculate net OPEB liability as of September 30, 2019. At this time the District has opted to pay as you go rather than fund a portion or the entire net OPEB liability. Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the District and plan members to that point.

At September 30, 2018, the actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Active employees electing coverage
Active employees waiving coverage
Retirees electing coverage
3
30

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used to calculate the total OPEB were as follows:

Valuation date September 30, 2018 Measurement date September 30, 2018

Discount Rate 3.83% per annum Inflation Rate 2.50% per annum

Plan eligibility An employee of the Sanibel Fire Rescue District that is eligible for retirement

through Florida Retirement Systems (FRS) as a Special Risk class Member.

Mortality

Based on the Pub-2010 headcount weighted morality tables for Safety

Employees. Generational projection using scale MP-2018 was applied to

these base rates.

Healthcare cost trend rate 6.9% for FY2019, gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in FY20/6

and later years. In addition,the medical trend rates above were increased to reflect the projected effect of the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans. The additional trend rate adjustments vary by year, but average 0.35% beginning calendar year 2022 for plans other than

Medicare plans

Assumption changes The discount rate was changed from 3.50% as of 9/30/2017 to 3.83% as of

9/30/2018 based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates as of each

measurement date.

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH INSURANCE (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in the net OPEB liability were as follows:

	otal OPEB Liability	ciary Net osition	Net OPEB Liability		
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ 955,619	\$ -	\$	955,619	
Changes due to:					
Service cost	67,763	-		67,763	
Interest	34,906	-		34,906	
Changes of assumptions	(21,102)	-		(21,102)	
Benefit payments and refunds	 (52,112)	-		(52,112)	
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$ 985,074	\$ -	\$	985,074	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is a 1-percentage-point lower (2.83%) or a 1-percentage-point higher (4.83%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%			
[Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase			
	(2.83%)		(3.83%)	(4.83%)				
\$	1.050.483	\$	985.074	\$	923.967			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability Using Alternative Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.9% decreasing to 3%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9% increasing to 5%) than the current healthcare cost rend rates:

			Current					
19	% Decrease	Healt	hcare cost rates	1% Increase				
5.9% d	5.9% decreasing to 3%		decreasing to 4%	7.9% decreasing to 5%				
\$	901.484		985.074		1,080,731			

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS

On September 19, 2006, the District entered into an agreement with Lee County, Florida (the "County"), to provide space to house County emergency personnel and their vehicles. The agreement is for 25 years but may be cancelled by either party. The County paid the District \$400,000 in December 2007, \$100,000 in October 2007, July 2008, June 2009, June 2010, August 2011 and July 2012, and \$76,992 in July 2014. Should either party terminate this agreement early, the sums paid by the County will be prorated for the years of use with the excess refunded to the County. The District has recorded a total of \$604,913 of rental income over the term of the lease, of which \$43,080 was recorded as rental income for the year ended September 30, 2019. The remaining \$472,079 received as of September 30, 2019 has been recorded as unearned revenue.

On November 18, 2008 the District entered into an agreement with the City of Sanibel, Florida (the "City"), outlining each parties' responsibilities in the joint use of a boat dock on the City's boat ramp facility site. As part of this agreement, the District has agreed to pay to the City 25% of the annual maintenance and operation costs of the boat dock facility.



SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTION SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last 10 Years (1) (2)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the FRS net pension liability District's proportionate share of the FRS net	0.01582597%	0.01598784%	0.01691660%	0.01758221%	0.01565342%	0.01559770%
pension liability	\$ 5,450,244	\$ 4,815,622	\$ 5,003,816	\$ 4,439,523	\$ 2,021,850	\$ 951,689
District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered	\$ 2,179,490	\$ 2,065,762	\$ 2,264,224	\$ 2,332,672	\$ 2,250,421	\$ 2,178,747
payroll FRS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	250.07%	233.12%	220.99%	190.32%	89.84%	43.68%
the total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan Last 10 Years (1) (2)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.00727488%	0.00719279%	0.00744340%	0.00765915%	0.00762584%	0.00752287%
District's proportionate share of the HIS net						
pension liability	\$ 813,986	\$ 761,293	\$ 795,882	\$ 892,642	\$ 777,716	\$ 703,407
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,179,490	\$ 2,065,762	\$ 2,264,224	\$ 2,332,672	\$ 2,250,421	\$ 2,178,747
District's proportionate share of the HIS net						
pension liability as a percentage of its covered						
payroll	37.35%	36.85%	35.15%	38.27%	34.56%	32.28%
HIS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of						
the total pension liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date, June 30.

⁽²⁾ Information is only available for the years presented.

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTION SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

Schedule of the District Contributions -Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (2)

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required FRS contribution FRS contributions in relation to the	\$	468,629	\$	443,403	\$	440,381	\$	428,770	\$	381,644	\$	341,656
contractually required contribution		(468,629)		(443,403)		(440,381)		(428,770)		(381,644)		(341,656)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered employee payroll	\$:	2.175.990	\$	2.090.181	\$2	2,264,224	\$ 2	2,332,672	\$ 2	2,250,421	\$ 2	2.178.747
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	Ψ2	21.54%	Ψ	21.21%	Ψ2	19.45%	Ψ	18.38%	Ψ	16.96%	Ψ	15.68%

Schedule of the District Contributions -Haelth Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (2)

		2019 2018			2017		2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required HIS contribution HIS contributions in relation to the	\$	36,121	\$	34,697	\$	39,393	\$	39,258	\$	29,151	\$	25,771
contractually required contribution		(36,121)		(34,697)		(39,393)		(39,258)		(29,151)		(25,771)
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered employee payroll	\$2,175,990		\$2.090.181		\$2,264,224		\$2,332,672		\$2.250.421		\$ 2	2,178,747
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%	ŕ	1.66%	·	1.74%	·	1.68%	•	1.30%	•	1.18%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30.

⁽²⁾ Information is only available for the years presented.

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

	 2019
Total OPEB Liability	
Beginning balance	\$ 955,619
Service cost	67,763
Interest	34,906
Assumption changes	(21,102)
Benefit payments and refunds	(52,112)
Ending balance	\$ 985,074
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Beginning balance	\$ -
Benefit payments and refunds	(52,112)
Contributions - employer	 52,112
Ending balance	\$ -
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 985,074
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.0%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,370,531
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	41.6%

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

	 Budgeted Amounts ginal & Final	-	Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,900,497	\$	5,731,910	\$	(168,587)
Intergovernmental revenue	24,800		10,200		(14,600)
Permits and fees	10,350		43,461		33,111
Interest	-		3,404		3,404
Miscellaneous	3,270		65,109		61,839
Total revenues	5,938,917		5,854,084		(84,833)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety					
Personnel service	4,126,291		3,864,290		262,001
Operating expenditures	945,484		607,645		337,839
Capital outlay	879,595		667,025		212,570
Debt service	 254,082		254,082		-
Total expenditures	6,205,452		5,393,042		812,410
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(266,535)		461,042		727,577
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of surplus capital assets	_		75,000		75,000
Use of fund balance	266,535		-		(266,535)
	266,535		75,000		(191,535)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -		536,042	\$	536,042
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending		\$	2,997,770 3,533,812	•	

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

	Ar	ndgeted mounts nal & Final	•	Actual mounts	Fina	ance with al Budget - Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Impact fees	\$	3,000	\$	13,762	\$	10,762
Interest		-		4		4
Total revenues		3,000		13,766		10,766
EXPENDITURES Total expenditures		-		-		<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	3,000	:	13,766	\$	10,766
Fund balances - beginning				68,319	_	
Fund balance - ending			\$	82,085	_	

SANIBEL FIRE AND RESCUE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general and special revenue funds. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budgets approximate a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Commissioners. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The general fund actual expenditures were under budget by a total of \$812,410, mainly as a result of anticipated expenditures that did not occur.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Sanibel Fire and Rescue District Sanibel, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, Sanibel, Florida (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated June 22, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Commissioners Sanibel Fire and Rescue District Sanibel, Florida

We have examined Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, Sanibel, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, Sanibel, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



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MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Commissioners Sanibel Fire and Rescue District Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Sanibel Fire and Rescue District, Sanibel, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 22, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the, Board of Commissioners of the District and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank the District and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2018-01 Net OPEB liability

Current Status: Matter has been resolved

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, except as noted above.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

- 4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 5. The District has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- 6. We applied financial condition assessment procedures and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted as of September 30, 2019. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.